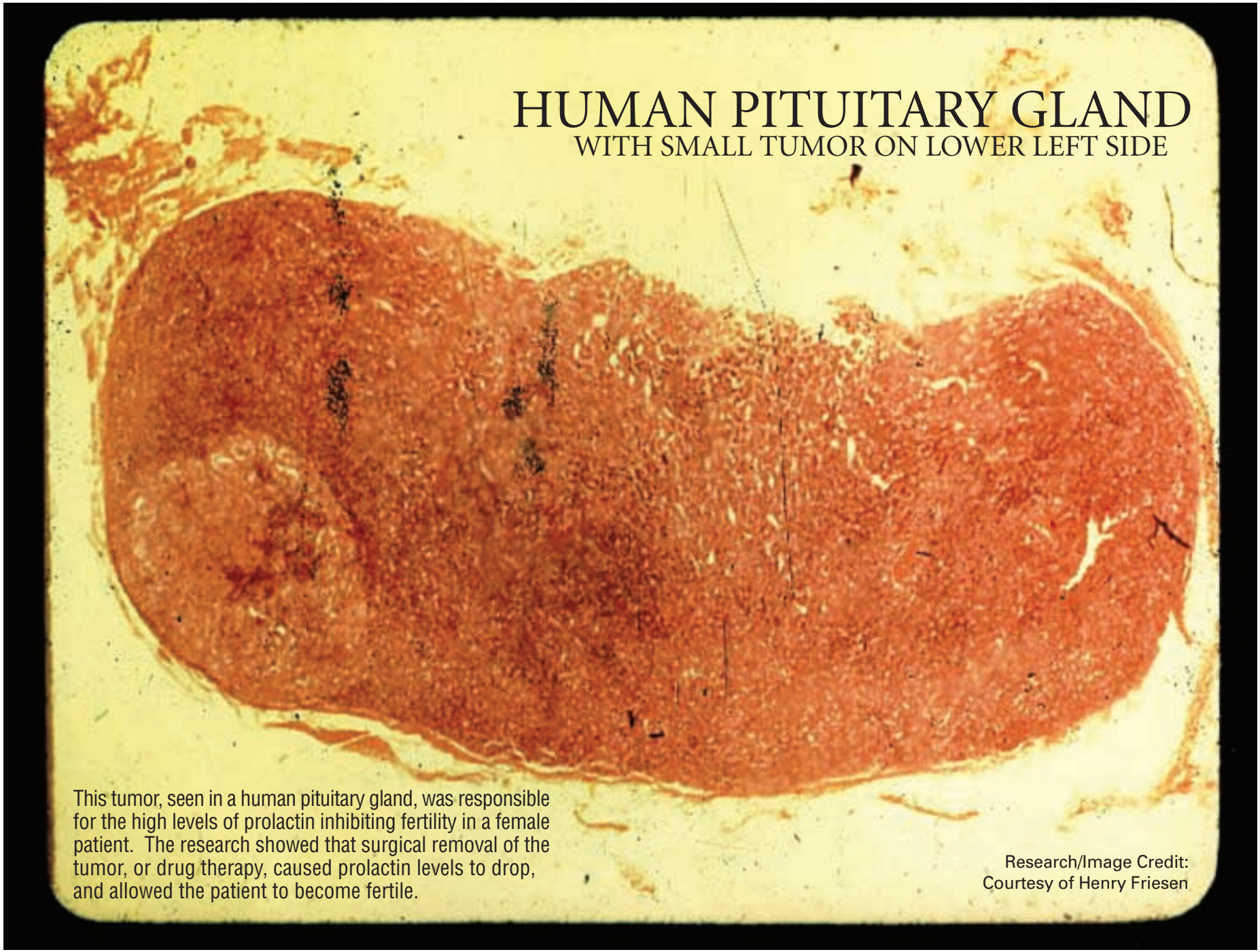

This tumor, seen in a human pituitary gland, was responsible for the high levels of prolactin inhibiting fertility in a female patient. The research showed that surgical removal of the tumor, or drug therapy, caused prolactin levels to drop, and allowed the patient to become fertile.

Research/Image Credit:
Courtesy of Henry Friesen

sunday	monday	tuesday	wednesday	thursday	friday	saturday
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	Thanksgiving Day 8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	Halloween 31			

OCTOBER

2001

Dr. HENRY G. FRIESEN

Canadian Medical Hall of Fame Inductee

Dr. Friesen is a medical graduate of the University of Manitoba. His innovative research resulted in the discovery of the human pituitary hormone prolactin, defining its role in health and disease and for which he was awarded a Gairdner Foundation International Award in 1977.

In the last decade, Dr. Friesen has served Canada with great distinction as the seventh President of the Medical Research Council of Canada. He has proved to be an outstanding advocate of biomedical and health research and has been an eloquent and persuasive voice into government for the funding of research. Through imaginative leadership, he set the stage in 2000 for the establishment of CIHR, a new agency designed to encompass all aspects of Health Research. Dr. Friesen will be inducted into the Canadian Medical Hall of Fame in October 2001.